Next Steps in Health Equity: Addressing Racial and Economic Inequality

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Grantmakers In Health
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Presentation

- Present a framework and theory of change for an emerging public health practice to advance health equity.
- Identify the core elements of the Triple Aim of Health Equity, describe the practices, tools and illustrate practices in action.
 - Expand the understanding of health
 - Implement Health in All Policies with Equity as the Aim
 - Strengthen community capacity

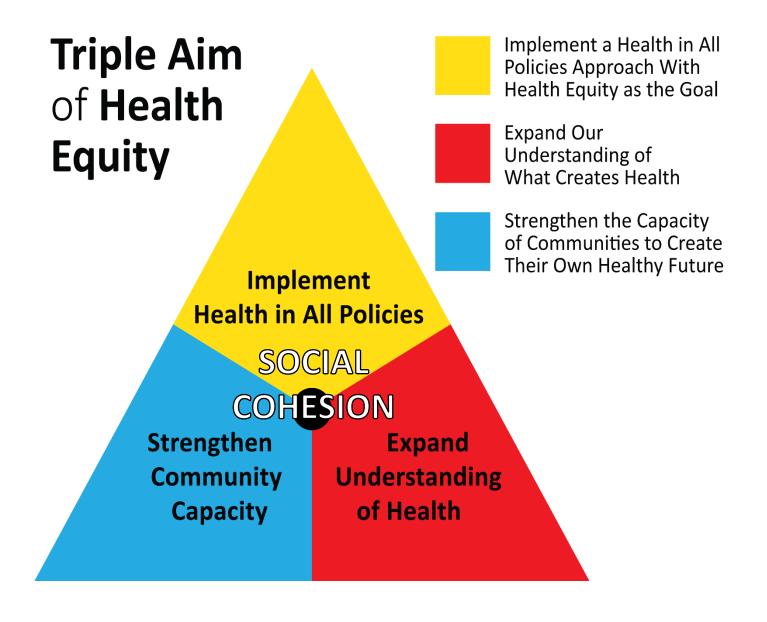




Advancing Health Equity Requires Navigating Complexity

- Identify existing <u>patterns</u> create or strengthen patterns with the potential to create transformative change
- Introduce and strengthen <u>practices</u> <u>versus specific</u> <u>programs or services</u>
- Triple Aim of Health Equity -theory of change <u>blends</u> an understanding of power and systems change







Public Health

"Public health is what we, as a society, do collectively to assure the conditions in which (all) people can be healthy."

Institute of Medicine (1988), Future of Public Health



What is necessary for Health?

* Peace

* Income

Shelter

Stable eco-system

* Education

Sustainable resources

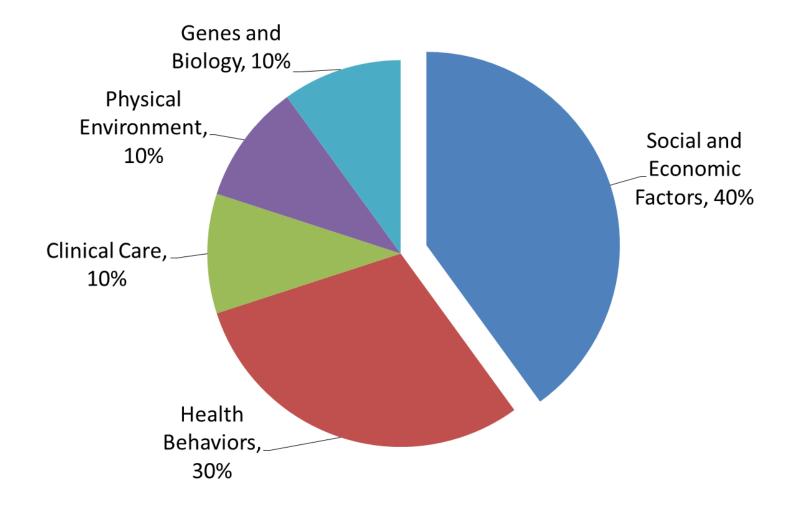
* Food

* Social justice and equity

World Health Organization. Ottawa charter for health promotion. International Conference on Health Promotion: The Move Towards a New Public Health, November 17-21, 1986 Ottawa, Ontario, Canada, 1986. Accessed July 12, 2002 at http://www.who.int/hpr/archive/docs/ottawa.html.



Factors that determine health



Tarlov AR. Public policy frameworks for improving population health. *Ann N Y Acad Sci* 1999; 896: 281-93.

Advancing Health Equity in Minnesota

Report to the Legislature

"...the opportunity to be healthy is not equally available everywhere or for everyone in the state."

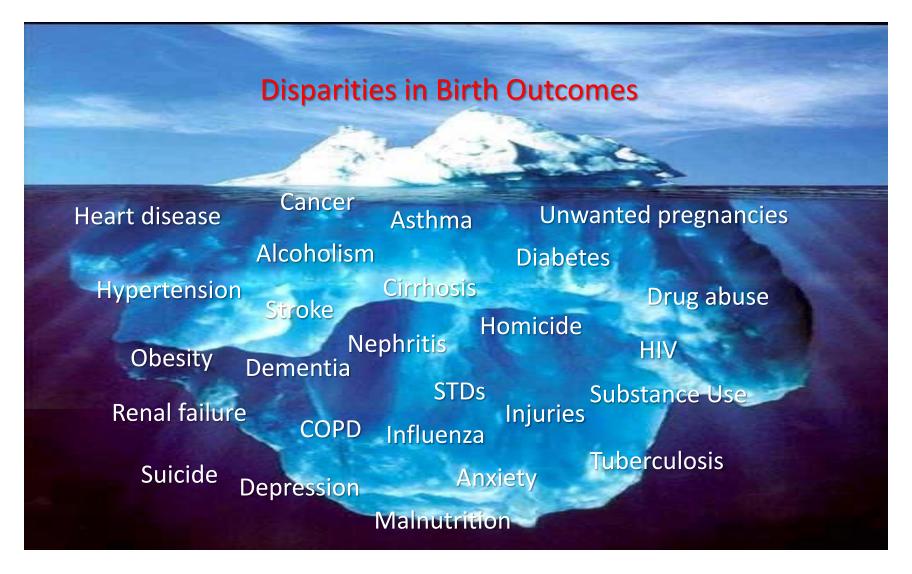


Health inequities in Minnesota are significant and persistent, especially by race:

In Minnesota, an African American or Native American infant has more than twice the chance of dying in the first year of life as a white baby.



Disparities in Birth Outcomes are the tip of the health disparities iceberg



Roots of Inequities - how did we get here?

- Disparities are not simply because of lack of access to health care or to poor individual choices.
- Disparities are mostly the <u>result of policy</u> decisions that systematically disadvantage some populations over others.
 - Especially, populations of color and American Indians, GLBTQ, and low income
 - Structural Racism



Disparities in health are the tip of the societal disparities iceberg



What does "health equity" mean?

Health equity means achieving the conditions in which all people have the opportunity to realize their health potential — the highest level of health possible for that person — without limits imposed by structural inequities.

A feature not of persons but of systems!



Communities of Opportunity

- Social/economic inclusion
- Thriving small businesses and entrepreneurs
- Financial institutions
- Good transportation options and infrastructure
- Home ownership
- Better performing schools
- Sufficient healthy housing
- Grocery stores
- IT connectivity
- Strong local governance
- Parks & trails

Good Health Status

Poor Health Status

Contributes to health disparities:

- Diabetes
- Cancer
- Asthma
- Obesity
- Injury

Low-Opportunity Communities

- Social/economic exclusion
- •Few small businesses
- Payday lenders
- Few transportation options
- Rental housing/foreclosure
- Poor performing schools
- Poor and limited housing stock
- Increased pollution and contaminated drinking water
- Fast food restaurants
- Limited IT connections
- Weak local governance
- Unsafe/limited parks

Structural/Institutional Racism

 Structural racism is the normalization of an array of dynamics — historical, cultural, institutional and interpersonal that routinely advantage white people while producing cumulative and chronic adverse outcomes for people of color and American Indians.



Structural Inequity: Housing

- 75% of white population in Minnesota owns their own home, compared to:
- 21% of African Americans
- 45% of Hispanic/Latinos
- 47% of American Indians
- 54% Asian Pacific Islanders

Source: Advancing Health Equity Report 2014



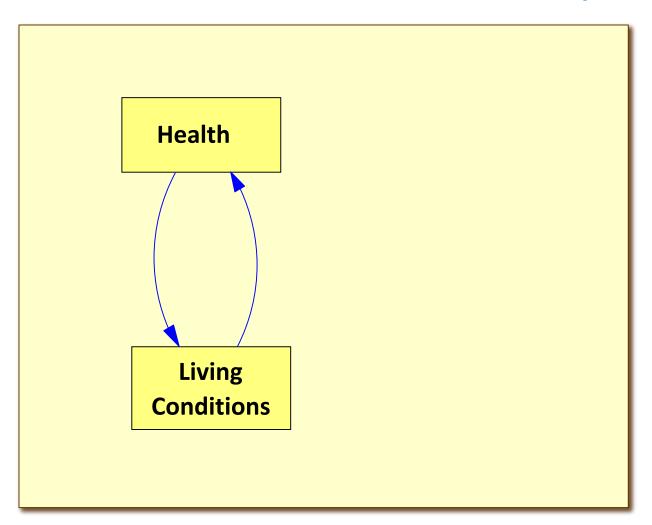
Public Health

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"Assuring Conditions" requires Seeing a Wider Set of Relationships



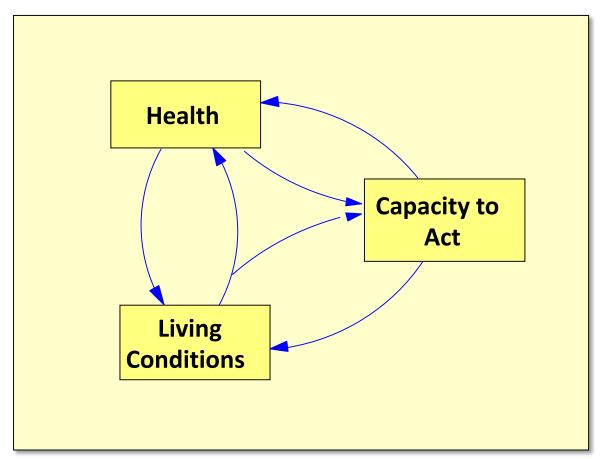


Social Determinants of Health

- The conditions and circumstances in which people are born, grow, live, work, and age. These circumstances are <u>shaped by</u> a set of forces beyond the control of the individual: economics and the <u>distribution of money,</u> <u>power, social policies, and politics</u> at the global, national, state, and local levels.
 - WHO and CDC (adapted)



Changing the Conditions that Affect Health Requires the Capacity to Act



Some populations have a more difficult time than others in impacting living conditions

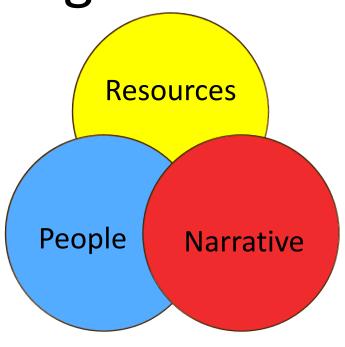
Public health must build its skills to foster the "capacity to act"



Presented by: Jeanne F. Ayers, Minnesota Department of Health - Milstein B. Hygeia's constellation: navigating health futures in a dynamic and democratic world. Atlanta, GA: Syndemics Prevention Network, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; April 15, 2008. Available at: http://www.cdc.gov/syndemics/monograph/index.htm

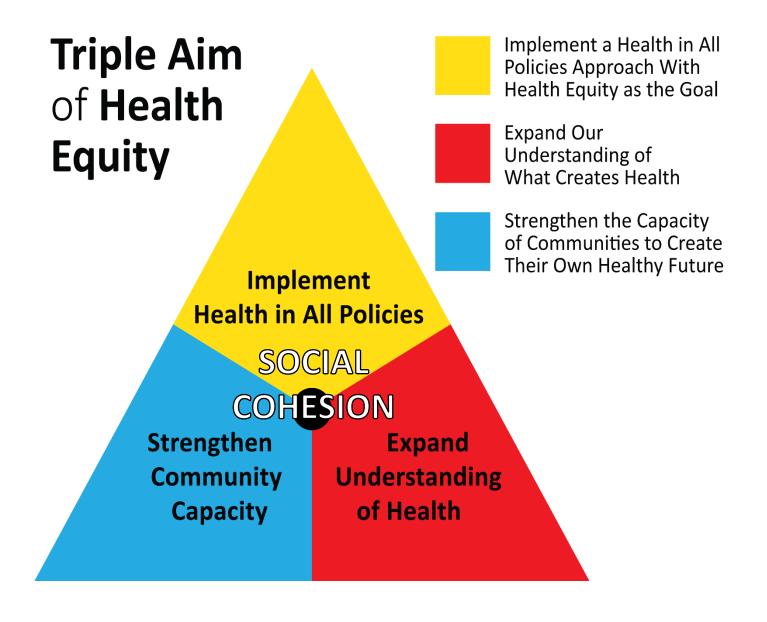
Structure work to achieve our overall aim: Create/Strengthen "Capacity to Act"

Organize the:



- Narrative: Align the narrative to build public understanding and public will.
- People: Directly impact decision makers, develop relationships, align interests.
- Resources: Identify/shift the resources-infrastructure-the way systems and processes are structured.







Healthy Minnesota 2020

A Healthy Start for All • An Equal Opportunity for Health • Communities Creating Health

Statewide Health Improvement Framework

December 2012

Healthy Minnesota 2020:

Statewide Health Assessment and Statewide Health
Improvement Framework

 Minnesota Department of Health and the Healthy Minnesota Partnership













Minnesota Department of Health & Healthy Minnesota Partnership PO Box 64975 | 625 Robert Street N Saint Paul, MN 55164-0975 Phone: (651) 201-5000

http://www.health.state.mn.us/healthymnpartnership/hm2020/



Advancing Health Equity in Minnesota

Report to the Legislature



Advancing Health Equity in Minnesota

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- Things are the way they are because we designed them that way. The roots are deep in historical policies—<u>Structural Racism</u>
- Not a new program but a commitment, a <u>commitment</u> to fundamental shifts in paradigms about what constitutes evidence, who is involved in decision-making, and what creates health
- Greatest potential for change is <u>effective policy development</u>

Laws of Minnesota 2013, Chapter 108, Article 12, Section 102



Health in All Policies





Asking Questions as a Path to Action

• Inquiry Questions:

- ✓ What is working?
- What policies, practices, processes create inequities within our organizations and more broadly?
- Identify areas where structural inequities and structural racism are creating inequitable health outcomes.
- Develop the practice of examining Policies,
 Processes and Assumptions.



Policy and System Changes Related to Social Determinants of Health (selected)

- Income-Minimum Wage
- Paid Leave Family and Sick
- State and Federal Transportation Policy
- Race Ethnicity Language data
- Broadband connectivity
- E-Health Policies
- Criminal Justice-Ban the Box-Sentencing reforms

- Education- Bullying—School Discipline policies
- State and Foundation Grantmaking and contracting
- Minnesota Food Charter
- State Agency Policy Changes
- Statewide Health Improvement Program (SHIP)-complete streets, safe routes to school, smoke-free policies.....



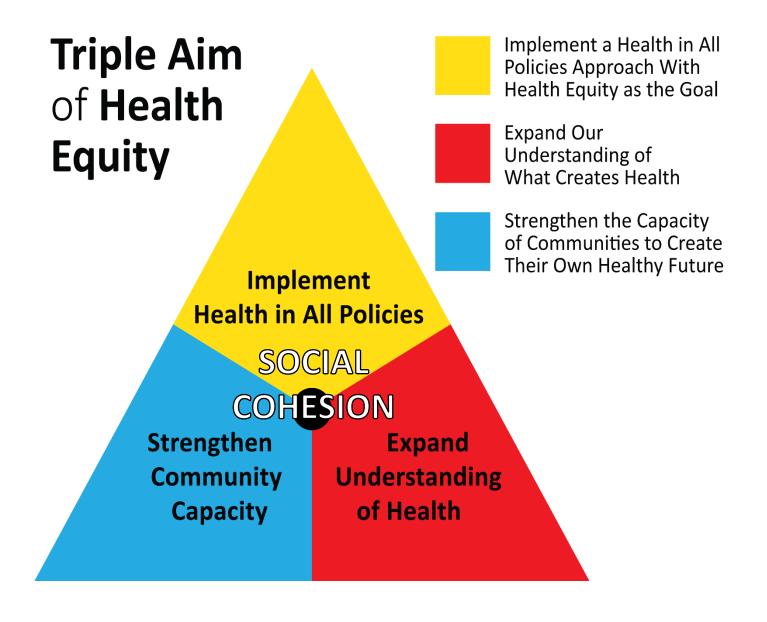
Health in All Policies Approach Helps Strengthen Community Capacity



Overall Lessons

- Organic must be interwoven with all other workrecognize it is iterative
- Must be <u>intentional</u>
- <u>Commitment</u>: Requires commitment to building our organizational and community capacity --skills
- <u>Leadership</u> Hold our selves and each other accountable-bring more people into decision-making
- Imperfect-<u>incomplete</u> work--<u>navigating toward</u> health equity -- permission to make course corrections







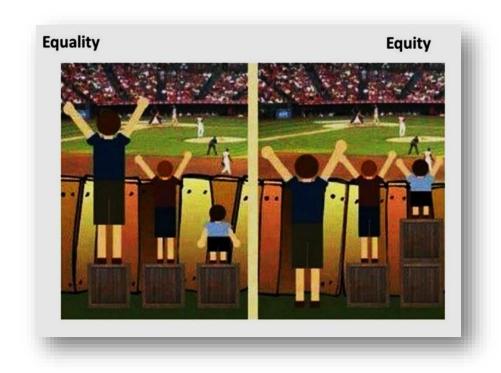
"Public health is the constant redefinition of the unacceptable"

Geoffrey Vickers

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Links to Referenced Reports

- The Health of Minnesota: Statewide Health Assessment: http://www.health.state.mn.us/healthymnpartnership/sha/
- Healthy Minnesota 2020: Statewide Health Improvement
 Framework:

 http://www.health.state.mn.us/healthymnpartnership/hm2020/#fw
- Advancing Health Equity: Report to the Legislature Report: http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/chs/healthequity/index.htm
- White Paper on Income and Health: http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/opa/2014incomeandhealth.pdf



Links to Referenced Reports

- White Paper on Paid Leave and Health http:// www.health.state.mn.us/news/2015paidleave.pdf
- MDH 2015-2019 Strategic Plan and Community Engagement Plan
 - http://www.health.state.mn.us/about/strategicplan.pdf
 - http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/opi/community/plan/
 - http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/opi/community/plan/docs/ceplan_2016-2019_draft.pdf
 - http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/opi/community/plan/docs/ce workplan 2016 draft.pdf



Links to Referenced Reports

- Association of State and Territorial Health Officers (ASTHO) http://www.astho.org/Programs/Health-Equity/
- ASTHO-Dr Ehlinger's President's Challenge: http://www.astho.org/Health-Equity/2016-Challenge/
- Big 10 Committee on Institutional Cooperation Health Equity Initiative: https://www.cic.net/projects/healthequity-initiative

